

## PRINCE HENRY RETURNS THANKS

### Pleased With Everybody and Everything He Has Seen.

### VISITED ALBANY, WEST POINT

Returned to New York Last Night and Will Stay There Until Monday, When He Goes to City of Albany.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, March 7.—Prince Henry of Prussia today, accompanied by his wife, who is here in New York, where he will remain until Monday, when he goes to Philadelphia, he was absent from the city for nine days, during which time his special train was within the territory of thirteen states and covered a total distance of 4,500 miles. He was greatly pleased with his trip and to-night, through his aide, Captain Von Moller, issued a statement expressing his satisfaction at the opportunity which came to him and his gratification at the cordiality with which he was received throughout the country.

His last day on the special train, which carried him to the South, West and East, rivaled in interest any of the others spent by the Prince on the tour, for it began with a visit to Albany, included a run in bright sunlight down the west shore of the Hudson River and closed with a reception at the United States Military Academy at West Point.

Albany was reached at 8:30 o'clock, and Mayor Gaus, in behalf of the city, and Governor O'Dell, for the State, met the Prince at Union Station with formal official greetings.

He was received by the two houses of the Legislature and returned his thanks to their presiding officers for the honor.

SAW CADETS PARADE. West Point was reached at 2 o'clock and the Prince was received with the military honor due his place in the naval service of his country. Colonel Mills came to the station with a number of officers of the Academy, and with a troop of cavalry, drove him to the parade ground on the heights above the city.

The cavalry escort showed at the brow of the inclined road, Knox Battery fired twenty-one guns. The cadets, formed in six companies, were at once marched on the field, and the Prince, with Colonel Mills and their respective staffs, inspected them.

Dress parade followed with the Prince as reviewing officer. The cadets, in their handsome gray uniforms, kept their lines perfectly in snow that was shoe deep and their marching won the praise of the Prince and his officers. On the second time around the cadets moved at the double-quick, and once more their alignment was perfect. After the review the cadets were drawn up in close formation, and the Prince, advancing to the front of the company, addressed them, complimenting them on their splendid appearance.

The parting call of the Prince was at the house of Colonel Mills, whom he repeatedly congratulated and thanked.

FOUR DAYS MORE. Prince Henry sent for George W. Boyd, assistant general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, who personally directed the railroad arrangements of the tour, and thanked him. He asked Mr. Boyd to be his guest at luncheon on Tuesday next.

The Prince reached New York at 5:57 o'clock. Two score of patrolmen and a squad of mounted police were on hand to conduct the Prince to the Waldorf-Astoria. The Prince had slightly intended to return to the Hohenzollern, but the discovery of a case of scarlet fever in the crew changed his mind. He did not fear infection himself, but decided in view of the fact that he is to meet a large number of persons during the four remaining days of his stay in the United States that it would be better to go to a hotel.

ABOUT CATARRH CURES

The Reason Why Inhalers and Local Applications are Useless.

For many years catarrh was considered to be a local disease and was treated entirely by local remedies, salves, ointments, powders, sprays and inhalers, and though all of these gave a temporary relief, but a genuine permanent cure was very rare.

It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and head troubles, are relieved, but the disease is simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could ever reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of the most effective results to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe and constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar powerful antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the liver and stomach, by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poisons. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certain the safest treatment of any form of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents per box. For full-size, a little book on cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and head troubles, are relieved, but the disease is simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could ever reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of the most effective results to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe and constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar powerful antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

Dr. Edmondson, in speaking of the new treatment for catarrh, says: "I have accomplished the most satisfactory results in all forms of catarrh of the head, throat, bronchial tubes, as well as catarrh of the liver and stomach, by using nothing else but Stuart's Catarrh Tablets. I long since threw aside sprays and inhalers as being inconvenient and at the best mere temporary make-shifts."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets act immediately upon the liver and blood and clear the whole system of catarrhal poisons. They are pleasant and very convenient to use, and they are not only the latest, but I believe them to be the best and certain the safest treatment of any form of catarrh."

All druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents per box. For full-size, a little book on cause and cure of Catarrh mailed free by addressing the F. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich.

It is true the most annoying symptoms, like stoppage of the nose and head troubles, are relieved, but the disease is simply symptoms and the real seat of disease is far removed.

Catarrh is a constitutional disease, a blood disorder, complicated usually with disease of the liver and to suppose that local applications of sprays, powders, inhalers, could ever reach the real cause of the trouble is ridiculous.

The sensible and successful treatment is to remove the catarrhal poison from the system by regulating the liver and purifying the blood, and this can only be done by an internal remedy, which should consist of the most effective results to act vigorously on the blood and liver.

The best preparation of this kind which fills all the requirements of a safe and constitutional treatment is Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, composed of Blood Root, Red Gum and similar powerful antiseptics, which are absolutely safe to take into the stomach and which act upon the liver, stomach and mucous membrane.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large, pleasant tasting lozenges to be slowly dissolved in the mouth, thus reaching the mucous membrane and wind-pipe and finally reaching the stomach.

## PERIODS OF PAIN.

Miss Gertrude Williams, Chaplain of Woman's Christian Association of Detroit, and Two Other Women, Tell How Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Cures Periodic Suffering.

While no woman is entirely free from periodical suffering, it does not seem to have been the plan of nature that woman should suffer so severely. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the most thorough female regulator known to medical science. It relieves the condition which produces so much discomfort and robs menstruation of its terrors.



MISS GERTRUDE WILLIAMS.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—and dear friend, for such your medicine has proved to me; a friend in need is a friend indeed. For several years I suffered from Menorrhagia, or profuse and painful menstruation, until my vitality was well nigh gone, and as a last resort I took six bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and was restored to health, to the surprise of my friends, and I now sing its praises. Gratefully yours, MISS GERTRUDE WILLIAMS, 75 Columbia St., West Detroit, Mich."

### Two More Sufferers Relieved.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I had been a sufferer of suppression of the menses from girlhood, always appearing after time and causing great pain compelling me to keep my bed. I tried a number of doctors but without relief. Having read so many testimonials about the good Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound had done, I decided to try it. After using only one bottle I felt much better. I continued its use and the health and strength that I now enjoy, I feel I owe to you. Mrs. GRAS B. GILL, 1012 Winter St., Philadelphia, Pa."

Women who are troubled with painful or irregular menstruation, backache, bloating (or flatulence), leucorrhoea, falling, inflammation or ulceration of the uterus, ovarian troubles, that "bearing-down" feeling, dizziness, faintness, indigestion, nervous prostration or the blues, should take immediate action in ward off the serious consequences, and be restored to perfect health and strength by taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and then write to Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for further free advice. Thousands have been cured by so doing.

**\$5000 REWARD.**—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, \$5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

## SENATOR BACON ASSAILED BILL

Measure to Protect President's Life an Extension of Treason.

### WOULD MUZZLE THE PRESS

Georgia Senator Made Able Constitutional Argument, and Declared He Would Never

Vote for the Bill Even if He Was

the Only One Who Opposed It.

(By Associated Press.)

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 7.—On account of the indisposition of Mr. Vest, of Missouri, and Mr. Mallory, of Florida, who expected to speak to-day upon the pending ship subsidy bill, that measure was not considered by the Senate to-day.

After the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill had been passed early in the session, the Senate took up measure for the protection of the President of the United States.

Mr. Bacon, of Georgia, offered an amendment to the diplomatic bill providing that the student interpreters employed at the legations and the consulates in China should be selected in a non-partisan manner, and that they should agree to remain in the service for ten years. The amendment was agreed to.

Continuing his speech begun yesterday on the bill for protection of the President, Mr. Bacon contended that the enactment of the bill in the present form would be an extension of treason as defined by the authorities. He quoted various writers on law and the Constitution in support of his argument.

Merely because the crime named in the pending bill was not designated as treason, he argued, however, that if that crime did not change its character, it practically was made treason by the penalty provided, and the means resorted to, to apply the penalty to the criminal.

He indicated his belief that such a provision was unconstitutional, maintaining that treason had been defined in the Constitution only after long and careful debate, during which every possible contingency was considered.

He argued that the Constitution intended that each man shall be equal before the law and the remedy for an attack on the President or the killing of the President should be the same as if the crime were committed against an individual.

WOULD MUZZLE PRESS. Mr. Bacon maintained that the contention of those who supported the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

would be treason. He contended that the measure was in effect that there was no differentiation between the crime of treason and an assault upon the President, which threatened the existence of the government. He urged, however, that if that were true, the assassination of the President

## CITY OFFICIALS DISCUSS FIRES

Messrs. Puller, Thompson and Bolling Are Heard.

### WATER SUPPLY DISCUSSED

Fire Loss Committee of the Council Continues Its Investigations—Recommendations of the Different Department Chiefs.

The Council Committee on Fire Losses met last night and heard Chief Puller, of the fire department; Superintendent Thompson, of the Fire Alarm Department, and Superintendent Bolling, of the Water Department.

No action was taken by the committee and it adjourned to meet at the call of the chairman. Mr. Bolling did not complete his address to the committee and will be heard again when next the committee meets.

Chief Puller was closely questioned by the committee, especially by Mr. Gordon, on the alleged scarcity of water, and he answered a typewritten statement or report and answered a number of questions. Mr. Bolling delivered an address upon the threefold system of distribution of Richmond, upon water pressure, size and location of mains and fire plugs and other kindred topics.

Mr. Gordon's questions to Chief Puller opened with inquiries concerning alleged lack of water at recent fires. At the Jefferson Captain Puller said the streams were "bad" from lack of fire hydrants and length of hose. Mr. Gordon's comment was that poor streams did not necessarily mean a lack of water supply.

"Was there a lack of water at the Jefferson fire?" inquired Mr. Gordon again. "Yes, there was at some of the plugs," replied Mr. Puller.

The next morning the Water Department employees had "greased the stopcocks," they said, at Jefferson and Main, and there had resulted a much better supply of water.

SUPPLY OF WATER. At the Mayor's store fire, Mr. Puller replied that "there was right fire water; one stream was bad." He had heard no complaints from any of the engine companies.

At the Wright factory fire the streams, Chief said, were "poor." An engine had had to move to open water from Twenty-third and Cary, and the same plug had proved of no value at the Cameron fire.

At the Madison fire the engine at Seventh and Main had a "poor" stream, Chief said.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

At the Younger fire all had all the water they wanted with one exception.

The Chief thought that in many instances the plug connections were defective. The Chief said that a six-inch rather than three and four-inch connections. Especially, as with James River water, they were liable to become clogged. Leaves and mud and catfish were pumped into the plug.

"Third," the fire alarm fire the engine at the Corbin Mosby fire an engine had become choked with leaves. The Chief had an eight-inch catfish on the mantle in his office taken from one of the engines after the Cameron fire.

At the Gates fire two engines on Main Street had "poor" water.

At the Corbin Mosby fire the engines all had good water.

## Dr. Lyon's TOOTH POWDER

PERFECT AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century

## QUICK RESULT WANT COLUMNS.

WANTED, A SMALL PIECE OF LAND on or near Westhampton Highway, suitable for a suburban home. Improvements not essential. E. A. CATLIN, 8 North Eleventh Street.

SPECIAL MIDWINTER PRICES ON upholstering, making over Parlor Suites, Couches, Odd Chairs, Hair Mattresses, etc., at JURGENSEN, FURNITURE STORE, 419-421 E. Broad Street. Address postal or phone to store or factory, 107-9-11-13 N. Eighth Street, and our foreman will call on you and give up-to-date list of samples. No charge for estimates and no hard feelings if we don't get the work—but we usually do.

WANTED—MALE HELP. WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY: ABLE-bodied, unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35, citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For further information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 110 East Broad.

WANTED, FAITHFUL MANAGER TO take charge of distributing Scotch whisky in Richmond to the trade. Established house; solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary of \$15 paid by check each Wednesday. All expenses direct from headquarters; none advanced for expenses. MANAGER, 333 Canton Building, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED, EIGHT FIRST-CLASS BOILER-MAKERS who have had experience in the repair of old and new boilers. Hotel Zimmermann, between 6 and 8 o'clock P. M., Saturday, March 8th.

WANTED, TRUSTWORTHY PERSON in each county to manage business of established house; solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary of \$15 paid by check each Wednesday. All expenses direct from headquarters; none advanced for expenses. MANAGER, 333 Canton Building, Chicago, Ill.

MAN WITH SINGLE TEAM TO deliver and collect for a business of \$250 per week and expenses; \$150 cash deposit required; permanent. MANUFACTURER, (Box 104), 355 Philadelphia, Pa.

INTELLIGENT PEOPLE WHO NEED an income. Address PROOFREADER, Box 1584, Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP. INTELLIGENT PEOPLE WHO NEED an income. Address PROOFREADER, Box 1584, Philadelphia, Pa.

MISCELLANEOUS. PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance; fee; consultation free. Address: MILO B. STEVENS & CO., 614 Eleventh Street, Washington.

MEETINGS. Richmond, Va., March 8, 1902. ANCIENT AND MODERN SCOTTISH RITE OF FREEMASONRY.—The members of the Lodge, Chapter, Council and District of the Ancient and Modern Scottish Rite are requested to meet in the MASONIC TEMPLE THIS AFTERNOON, at 6 o'clock, for the transaction of business pertaining to the election of new members and the election of new officers.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Soldiers of the Confederate States will be held on the 10th INSTANT at 2 P. M. at their office in the city of Richmond, Va.

NOTICE.—PURSUANT TO RESOLUTIONS of its stockholders, adopted on the 25th day of January, 1902, placing said company in liquidation, the Board of Directors of the JAMES RIVER FALLS PAPER & PULP MILLS will, on TUESDAY, the 18th day of March, 1902, order the liquidation of the assets of said company among its stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims against the estate of JAMES RIVER FALLS PAPER & PULP MILLS, should present the same to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of MARCH, at 2 P. M.

SPECIAL NOTICE. Richmond, Va., March 7, 1902. ALL APPLICANTS FOR THE POSITION of MATRON for the BELLE BEYAN DAY NURSERY and FREE KINDERGARTEN must be unencumbered with husband or other small children, references must accompany application, which must be sent in not later than March 15th, to MRS. C. P. WALFORD, No. 822 East Clay Street.

Richmond, Va., March 4, 1902. HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTOR on the estate of HENRY C. ALLEN, I hereby request all persons having claims against his estate to present the same to me for payment and all persons indebted to his estate to settle with me within thirty days.

WINTHROP D. CRENSHAW, Executor, No. 316 East Main Street.

trip will be made over the Seaboard. They leave at 2:15, and go direct to Tampa. They will travel through the Maitland section, then to Seawane Springs and later to Ocala. To-morrow will be spent in Jacksonville.

WON'T SEE CROWNING. President Decides Miss Roosevelt Shall Not Attend.

(By Associated Press.) WASHINGTON, March 7.—Miss Alice Roosevelt, daughter of the President, will not attend the coronation of King Edward VII. While the White House officials decline to discuss the matter, it was stated by those in position to know that the President had decided that she should not go.

NO CAUSE FOR ALARM. Agents of the Cuaucliz: Besieged With Inquiries as to Etzuria.

(By Associated Press.) NEW YORK, March 7.—The New York agents of the Cuaucliz line were besieged to-day by inquiries from President of the disabled steamer Etzuria and her passengers. The agents said they had received no further information of the Etzuria, and all they were able to say was that the steamer Etzuria will take the Etzuria's passengers and transfer them to Liverpool.

No Further News. (By Associated Press.) LONDON, March 7.—No further news has been received here regarding the Cuaucliz line steamer Etzuria. The Cuaucliz line declare there is no cause for alarm.

## Academy SATURDAY

Mary Manning JANICE MEREDITH

POPULAR WITH THE PEOPLE. ALL BIJOU! THIS WEEK

The Musical Comedy. A TRIP TO BUFFALO

Crisp, Merry, Sparkling, Original. No Advance in Price. ASSOCIATION COURSE.

BURNETT CONCERT COMPANY. MONDAY, MARCH 10TH. RECITER, PIANIST, CELLIST. Seats beginning Friday, 1 P. M.

HAUL EVERYTHING! STORE ANYTHING! INDEPENDENT TRANSFER COMPANY. Both phones.

LOST. LOST—THURSDAY AFTERNOON ON Steamer or Harrison Street between Franklin and Park Avenue, a small onyx CROSS. Suitable reward if returned to 17, Chamber of Commerce.

FOR EXCHANGE. WANTED TO EXCHANGE, AT ONCE, cash for Counterpane and Show Cases. Address Box No. 100.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE A LOT OF iron and steel for a good quality of iron foundry; good quality for PICTURES, TABLE, CHAIRS or RANGE. Address D. Station A, city.

FOR EXCHANGE NINE VOLUMES OF Dumas Works, cost \$12 in good condition; state what you have. Address 417 Commerce Street, Petersburg, Va.

TO EXCHANGE EDISON ELECTRIC PHONOGRAPH with battery and attachments complete in good condition for TYPEWRITER in good condition. Address EXCHANGE, care of Manager and Power Co., Manchester, Va.

TO EXCHANGE 50 GOLDEN HOURS for 100 ARBUCKLE SIGNATURES on coffee wrappers. Apply at No. 706 West Cary Street.

TO EXCHANGE NICE LITTLE BUGGY for a good quality of a good plow, MULE or HORSE; state where can be seen next Monday. Address HORSE, care Leader Office.

FOR EXCHANGE ONE 200-EGG RELIABLE INCUBATOR, good as new, and a BICYCLE or good WATCH. Apply at No. 310 Brook Avenue.

WANTED TO EXCHANGE BABY CARRIAGE for PICTURE or nice CLOCK. Address C. Station A.

FOR EXCHANGE "PROCEEDINGS OF Virginia Convention 1893-94," 41 volumes. Also, "Encyclopedia of the History and KNIGHTS OF THE HORSE SHOE by Wm. Caruthers, 1845, Wetumpka, Ala. What an offer! Apply to J. PORTCH, No. 902 East Clay Street, city.

TO EXCHANGE A GENUINE STEEL engraving of the